The Wilmington Post.

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WILMINGTON POST

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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All advertisements will be charged at the above rates, except on special contracts.

Special rates can be had for a longer time than one week.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $1 00 per year; six months 75 cents.

All communicrtions on business should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

HON. JOHN SHERMAN.

We are receiving letters every day from every part of North Carolina indorsing our course in supporting the Hon. John Sherman for the Presidency. He certainly seems to be the most popular man in the country, to day, among the stalwarts as well as the liberal Republicans. The monied and the substantial men of America are for John Sherman; the laboring men as well as the gentlemen of leisure are for him. He will get many Democratic votes on account of the soft money proclivities of the leading Democrats. The colored Republicans are for him because he is an old time Sumner abolitionaist, therefore he will be elected.

L. M. TERRELL.

Is a very extraordinary man for his size, he is Superintendent of the 4th District of the Postoffice Department, running from the Virginia line to Florida. We understand that this Lord of the Postoffice service is responsible for many of the Democratic appointments recently made. This very distinguished personage has his brother-in-law in a position at $1,200 per annum, and the said brother-in-law is a sound Democrat. It seems to have been Lord Terrell's policy to appoint Democrats; and when he could not make a vacancy any other way, he would claim that some red tape order of his had been disobeyed by some route agent, and then the poor agent has to walk the plank, which makes a place for some one of the said Lord Terrell's Democratic friends.

No Republican has ever been consulted by Lord Terrell, as to who should or should not be appointed. On one occasion, when certain Republicans in this vicinity mustered sufficient backbone to write the said Lord Terrell and made some recommendations, they were sent word that he (Lord Terrell) wanted no suggestions from them; he "knew his bussines and should do as he saw proper." Very near one-half of the route agents of this division are Democrats, and Lord Terrell has had considerable to do with having them appointed.

Suddenly, on Wednesday morning our matutinal cotemporary was seized with that mental aberration known as secession. It is discovered that 'our fathers" did not intend to create a "nation," but only a sort of voluntary association of independent and sovereign states, from which any one of them could retire at any time in a perfectly legal manner, as South Carolina tried to do in 1832. It is on the whole rather late in the day to set up the idea that "our fathers" intended to form a government which had a special mode prescribed in it by which it could destroy itself. They had enough trouble in making the government to prevent them from desiring to see it destroyed. They evidently thought that they were constructing quite a stable and solid political fabric, and a person named George Washington said so. If our neighbor will take the trouble to look into the Constitution of the United States, he will find some very serious objections to his doctrines. That little provision about treason might upset his notions somewhat. "Our fathers" thought that "treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, or in giving them aid and comfort." That needs no comment. He will find that the Supreme Court has authority in disputes between "two or more states, between a state and citizens of another state, or between citizens of the same state." These little things look very much as if "our fathers" thought they were making a nation.

HURRAH FOR DEEP WATER.

Mr. Bacon, the Engineer in charge of the river and harbor improvements, informs us that there is 12 feet of water in Bald Head channel at mean low tide, and ships drawing 17 feet can pass in and out of the channel on spring tides at high water; and there is 15½ feet in the channel on ordinary high tides. This is really very fine news for our merchants and shippers, and we hope yet to see a ship drawing 25 feet of water go from the city of Wilmington to sea.

MORE DEMOCRATIC MAIL AGENTS.

We are informed (and we can vouch for the correctness of the information) that three of the four Route Agents on the line between Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta are Democrats. Well, we think that poor, single Republican should be thankful that it is no worse. We hope Mr. Thompson will let the man stay there if for no other reason than for the amount of pluck shown by him in not resigning before this.

DEMOCRATS IN OFFICE.

We want it understood that we do not blame a Democrat for accepting a good paying office, and anything we may say in condemnation of a Republican administration appointing Democrats to office is not meant for the appointee. Though we must confess it to be cheeky for a Democrat to apply to a Republican administration for a position, yet, there is no law to prevent it. We have never known a Democratic administration to appoint a Republican to office! if one was to make application to a Democrat for an office he would be lighted out of his boots in two minutes.

INDEPENDENCE

We feel very independent at times; we feel all the time as though we would prefer being independent. But we never have been so very independent that we did not feel bound to support the Republican nominees for office. Therefore, as an editor, we condemn in the very strongest language known the action of the Post Office Department in appointing Democrats to office, or any other department that does it,—as long as the Democrats make Democracy a qualification for office, when they have control of any city, county or state government. *Will Captain Thompson make a note of this?*

RECOMMENDING DEMOCRATS FOR OFFICE.

If any of our readers will go to the department at Washington and look over the petitions for office from this state they will find that a majority of the applicants are Democrats, and the majority of the signatures on their papers recommending them are Republicans. Now, this should be stopped! How can Republicans nominees expect the votes of the party when as soon as the nominee is elected to office he immediately uses his official signature to put men who are opposed to the Republican party in office. We know that these facts are unpleasant, but, as a public journalist we must publish facts, though they are unwholesome to some friends. If a Republican should go to a Democrat for his signature, to Governor Jarvis for a state appointment, what do our readers suppose would be the result? We can tell you! the Republicans would be told "that to the victors belong the spoils." We should not blame the Democrat for refusing to recommend a Republican to a Democratic administration (and if we did it would be the same.) Therefore no Democrat should expect Republicans to recommend him to a Republican administration for office.

Will Lord Terrell of the 4th Division Postoffice Department tell his subjects why he took the two colored route agents off of the postal route between Wilmington and Charleston and put on two Democrats in their places? We have been informed that young Taylor is one of the best postal route agents in the service; we know his character is good; we know his father is one of the very best citizens of this city, and why he should have been put on the freight train between Florence and Columbia, we cannot conceive unless it is from the fact that he is a Republican who has a dark skin. But we can tell Lord Terrell that he will not always be permitted to treat Republicans as he has been doing for the past three or four years. Route agent Taylor lives with his father in this city, nevertheless he is taken from his home and carried to Columbia, S. C., and Democrats brought here from another state and put in his place.. Yet the Postoffice Department *claims* to be administered by Republicans. *What a fraud on the name.*

Senator Zack Chandler's bill of charges against the Democratic party will be submitted to the people in 1879 and 1880, and we have no doubt but they will be fully sustained. Old Zack has a way of saying more plain truths, in less space, than any man in America.

The Postoffice Department proposes at an early date, to extend fast mail service on south over two routes. One route will be from here to Jacksonville, Fla., by way of Charleston and Savannah, and the other from Washington to New Orleans by way of Richmond, Atlanta, Montgomery and Mobile.

And Congress has at last adjourned. It is a great pity that they are ever to meet again. The country will now enjoy a rest.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. ly

WANTED—An active young man to take charge of the POST subscription list, both city and country.

See proceedings of Fourth of July celebration at Hilton on fourth page.

Only seven prisoners confined in the city prison.

Six prisoners confined in the county jail.

The police made thirteen arrests during the week.

A colored boy was drowned Friday while in bathing in the Cape Fear at Hilton.

HOUSES, LOTS, HOMES.—Houses by the lot, for sale by W. P. Canaday. See his ad.

Marriage licenses were issued to five white and five colored couples during the past week.

The Light House and Light Ship employees were paid off at the Custom House the past week.

The Magistrates have been busy in adjudicating assault and battery cases for the past three days.

LOTS, HOUSES, HOMES.—Houses for the homeless, for sale cheap, by W. P. Canaday. Call and see him.

$67.10 was the amount of fines collected from violators of the peace by Treasurer Savage during the month of June.

Read communication signed "A Col, ored Republican," from Tarboro, N. C. He recommends a very strong team for the next heat.

FOURTH OF JULY.—This glorious anniversary of American Independence was perfectly charming; not a cloud in the skies. Everybody in and around Wilmington had a good time.

The Hon. Alexander H. Stevens spent the Fourth in this city *en route* from Washington, D. C., for his home. He did not come down into the city but spent the day under the shed at the depot.

SUDDEN DEATH. — Mrs. Jane W. Williams, a venerable relative of Mrs. I. B. Grainger, died very suddenly, of heart disease, at Mrs. Grainger's residence on Masonboro sound on Thursday evening. Her body was brought to this city for interment.

Several persons have been arrested for riding over the turnpike without paying the fee charged. Ten cases were heard by Justice Hall yesterday who gave judgment against the accused who were required to pay the cost, and penalty.

The building which is being erected by Messrs. Sol Bear & Bros., on Front street next south of Geo. R. French & Sons shoe store, is to be used by the Southern Express Company. The furniture &c, will be moved in on the first of October next.

IMMENSE TURTLE.—Friday evening, just after the race, some ladies were walking on the beach at Wrightsville sound and discovered that a sea monster was crawling up out of the water. Their screams attracted their male attendants who after a severe tussle captured a mammoth turtle which proved to be too much for the strength of four men. It is described as being as large as a cart body, and is said by epecures to be the finest ever in this market.

PRESENTATION TO THE FIFTH BATTALION N. C. S. G.—One of the main features of the Fourth of July celebration was the presentation of two beautiful silk marker flags by the Carolina Light Infantry, of Charleston, S. C, to the Fifth Battalion N. C. S. G. Capt. J. A. Williams commanding the Company made a neat and appropriate speech on the occasion, which was responded to by Capt. J. C. Hill for the Battalion. The Company left for home last night with the best wishes of all our citizens.

DROWNED.—Friday three men started across the river in a small batteau, When near Point Peter the boat filled and two of the men jumped out and started to swim to shore. They kept pretty well together and both being exhausted gave out and went under. One of them discovered that he was in shoal water and stood up thinking his companion, Gatling Bell, had done the same, but on looking around discovered that Bell had sank. That he was drowned in shoal water admits of no doubt, but it is supposed that he was seized with a fit of terror and thereby lost his life. His body was recovered yesterday and interred.

No interments in Oakdale Cemetery the past week.

The total number of dog badges sold up to date are 462. Only 11 were sold during the week.

Col. Thos. B. Keogh left Greensboro last night for Atlanta, Ga., where he goes on a short business visit.

Two hundred and three dollars and fifty-two cents were collected by Treasurer Savage during the past week.

A person signing himself "Jackson," writing from Fayetteville, should sign his real name to the article before it will be considered at all. Of course we never publish names if the parties desire them withheld, but we must have them before publishing communications. The same as to communication signed "A Republican."

CUSTOM HOUSE STATISTICS.—Official figures at the Custom House, show that during the month of June, 1879, the exports and imports of this port were as follows:

There were exported 66,554 barrels of rosin, valued at $89,489, and 506,500 gallons of spirits turpentine, valued at $127,731. Total valuation of exports $226,128.

Import duties collected for the same period amounted to $1,262 19. Total receipts of customs on foreign exports and imports $3,845 33.

For the year ending June 30th, 1879, 332 foreign trade vessels and 223 coastwise vessels were entered, making a total of 555 arrivals. Coastwise vessels under 100 tons burthen are not included in the above. Receipts for the year $48,852 23. Total exports for the year $4,671,331.

AN OUTRAGE UPON AN ARMY OFFICER.—We are informed that as the excursion boat in charge of Mr F. G. Robinson, on the 4th of July, was about leaving Smithville to return to this city, Dr. Seming, surgeon at the Post of Fort Johnson, came aboard for the purpose of coming up, when he was informed that his presence was not wanted—that the boat was chartered for a private party and he could not be permitted to come up on her. But through the intercession of Captain Harper, whose boat (Passport) makes daily use of the government wharf at Smithville, he was finally allowed to ride up in the pilot house.

Dr. Seming is a gentleman of high character and standing in his profession, and in consequence of his losing a leg in the Modoc war has been retired, and on this occasion was leaving Fort Johnson for his home on the Pacific coast. Probably his great sin was in having upon him the national army uniform.

THE BIG RACE.—A large crowd gathered on the beach, at Wrightsville sound, on the Fourth, to witness the big race of the season, by the yachts of the Carolina Yacht Club. Many ladies graced the occasion by their presence, and by their smiles inspired the youthful yachtmen to hope for victory. The following yachts were entered: Bessie Lee, Little Sister, Restless, Rosa, Lizzie and Ripple. At the start the breeze was blowing fresh from the southeast, and the starts made by the yachts was very pretty. Just after rounding the inlet buoy on the first course the Lizzie broke down, and was withdrawn. The Rosa's centre board was broken shortly after passing Mott's channel buoy, and the Ripple was closing up the gap between them, when the rigging of the Rosa gave way and she was withdrawn. No other accidents were reported and the race was finished by the Ripple in one hour and thirty-one minutes. The Restless taking the first prize and Bessie Lee the third.

SAD AFFLICTION.—A telegram was received in this city yesterday from Fort Macon conveying the sad intelligence of the death by drowning of four daughters of Capt. Appleton Oaksmith of Carolina City. He with his four daughters and one son started from Carolina city in a small boat for Beaufort about 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon. When about halfway across Bogue sound the boat sapsized and his four daughters were drowned. The bodies of three of them were soon recovered and for sometime hopes were entertained that they could be restored but they died about seven o'clock of the same day. The body of the oldest child had not been recovered up to noon yesterday, but the sound was being dragged for it. The cautionary signal was displayed at the time the unfortunate ones embarked in their frail craft. Capt. Oaksmith is well-known throughout the state. He was the former commander of the wrecking steamer Deer which was burned at Newbern sometime ago and has the sympathies of his host of acquantince and friends. The bodies of the three daughters were carrid to their homes yesterday for interment.

The *American* a leading Republican paper published by Hon. Eugene B. Drake, at Statesville, N. C., has this to say about Hon. John Sherman.

* * * * * * * *

The resumption of specie payments and equalizing greenback, gold and silver, and restoring the credit of the government to a gold standard upon which loans can be effected at 4 per cent. per annum, a rate of interest much less than ever before attained, is chiefly owing to Mr. Sherman's statesmanship and financial skill, and which the people are beginning to appreciate, hence his growing popularity with the masses, mercantile and other interests. The people of the south, are especially interested in the election of Mr. Sherman, for they of all others have suffered most, being agricultural, from a depreciated currency.—Sound money is what they have long wanted, and they now have it, chiefly owing to John Sherman.

* * * * * * * *

DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.—The following decisions, all of which are of interest to the people of this city and vicinity, were filed by the Justices of the Supreme Court, now in session at Raleigh, on Monday, the 30th ult:

State vs Richard Williamson, from New Hanover. Affirmed.

Henry VonGlahn, et al. vs A. J. DeRosset, et al, from Brunswick. Affirmed.

State vs James Heaton, from New Hanover. Reversed.

State vs John W. Alphin, from Wayne. Appeal dismissed.

By Dillard, J.:

Mary W. Hall vs. H. B. Short, from Halifax. Affirmed.

State vs Lewis Spencer, from New Hanover. Affirmed.

CITY COURT.—Upon the arrival of His Honor at the City Court room on Monday morning he found three prisoners in the prison box awaiting him:

Larry Williams, colored, charged with disorderly conduct and insulting a police officer was first arraigned and for his offence he was ordered to pay a fine of $10 or serve 15 days in the city prison. He went below.

Henry Thomas a colored lad of about 12 years of age was arraigned for the larceny of a package of hominy from the store of Mr. J. H. McGarity. The proof of his guilt admitted no doubt and the youthful thief was committed to jail in default of bond for his appearance at the next term of the Crimnal Court.

Daniel Brown charged with assaulting a police officer, entered a submission and craved the leniency of the Court. In consequence of Brown having been severely punished by the police officer the fine was fixed at $25 which was paid.

Tuesday morning—Scipio Howard charged with drunkedness was sent below for ten days in default of fine imposed.

Nellie Haggett, a dove of the Hollow, same charge as above, shared Howard's fate, but for five days longer.

Wednesday morning — There was only one trifling case of disorderly conduct. The defendant was discharged upon promise of better behavior for the future.

Gold Minining in North Carolina—Prospects of the Beaver Dam Company—New Officers Elected.

A meeting of the stocdholders of the Beaver Dam Gold Mining Company was held, at which J. H. Flagg, of Washington; General J. A. Garfield, of Ohio; Benjamin Wilson, M. C., of West Virginia; J. M. Slover, a well known mining expert of New York city, and Judge J. J. Jackson, of West Virginia, were elected directors, Mr. Flagg being subsequently chosen President. The officers also chosen were J. A. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer, and J. C. Edgcumbe, of California, superintendent. The company's mine is situated in Montgomery county, N. C., and comprises upward of 200 acres of rich gold-bearing gravel, which averages, thus far, full $1 per cubic yard in "free gold." The mine has been producing for sixty years and $200,000 is said to have been already extracted therefrom, although the operations hitherto have been conducted in the most primitive and unskillful manner.

The present organization will employ the more recent improved methods and machinery, and are confident of realizing very large returns. Mr. Edgcumbe, the superintendent, comes from California expressly to take charge of the development, and he thinks there are few richer mines of this character on the Pacific coast or elsewhere in the country. Other California experts have recently examined the property and express like opinions. Ex-Congressmen Luttrell and Wigginton, of California, are stockholders, and from examinations made confirm the reports above given as to the great value of the property. It is said that a large number of capitalists from England and the Pacific slope are now in North Carolina and Georgia, picking up the best mines, at a low cost, which they are confident can be worked most profitably with the improved appliances now employed in other mineral sections of the country. The Beaver Dam Company have erected various buildings, have purchased costly engines and machinery, and now have a force of fifty men constantly employed, and expect to pay handsome dividends at an early day. We wish the promoters of this important enterprise the utmost success.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE.)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet last Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Concord Chapter No 1, R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R and O M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR,

Carolina Lodge 434, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 67, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month,

I. O. B. B.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 158, meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 231, meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month.

The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 221, meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall,

I. O. O G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 64, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at their Hall on Princess between front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Giblem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O. OF G. S. AND D. S.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingenious, meets every Tuesday evening

Union, meets every Wednesday evening

Loving Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Damon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories, in the west end, of Evans's building, on Princess street.

Mt Zion, meets 1st and 2d Monday in each month, corner second and Princess streets

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS'

PAIN - KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age.

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN-KILLER, as a Diarrœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN KILLER will cure dyspepsia and Indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniament is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cas of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty-seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Counlry Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

n 18-1y

YOU can make money faster at work for us than at anything else Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Havn't we made prices much higher since we commenced?

Havn't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Havn't we charged you for all he goods delivered?

Havn't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose, as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was), but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL.

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO., are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without; but they promise the ladies that they would never find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drunk.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD!

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the notice taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at the eabsence of our usual Sunday morning ad, on account of one of our friends having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 15 P. L. B. & CO.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1879.

Hon. Robt. B. Elliott, South Carolinas great speaker, delivered the oration at Louisville, Ky., on the 4th of July.

The Democrats of Mississippi are a sweet-scented set of rascals as may be seen by an article which appears in another column copied from the *Inter-Ocean*. The reasons why Democrats do not want soldiers nor marshals at the polls on election is apparent on reading the facts of the confessing scoundrels.

It appears that the Georgia Colored Univerity at Atlanta is a very prosperous and useful institution. It receives $8,000 from the state annually and further contributions from the north. It has 150 students and its discipline and scholarship is of a very high order. It has fine buildings. This institution has done a great work for the colored people of Georgia, especially in the higher branches of study.

Two men, purporting to be colored, have sent to Senator Vance the following letter, addressed to Senators "Conkling, Blaine, and others," and Mr. Vance has presented it in the Senate:

To Messrs. Conkling, Blaine, and others who so strenuously opposed the repeal of certain laws now being debated:

We are personally acquainted with the Hon. Gov. Vance, and take the liberty through him to state that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, there never was a black man prevented from voting in North Carolina on account of race. We speak knowingly of this county. We are both of black complexion, and have represented this county in the legislature of North Carolina.

When these men assert that "there never was a black man prevented from voting in North Carolina on account of race," anybody here knows that they are either fools or liars. In 1870, as everybody knows, including Senator Vance himself, that the legislature of the state was carried by the intimidation of colored voters under the kuklux. They murdered some, flogged and mutilated many, and kept thousands from the polls. These things are matters of record and the evidence is overwhelming.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

On the 4th day of July 1776 the Declaration of Independence was voted upon and adopted in the Continental Congress. On the 20th of May previous, Congress resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the "State of the United Colonies." On the 30th of the same month they did the same thing, and thus several committees of the whole were held. On the 10th of the same month the committee of the whole reported the following resolution: "That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown; and that all political connexion between them and the state of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved." On the next day the "committee for preparing the declaration" was appointed as follows: "Mr. Jefferson, Mr. J. Adams, Mr. Franklin, Mr. Sherman and Mr. R. R. Livingstone," and the decision of the subject was postponed till the 1st of July following. On that day the Congress resolved itself into a committee of the whole "to take into consideration the resolution respecting independency." On the next day in committee of the whole, the committee had leave to sit again, and on the 3d also.

On the 4th the first act of the Congress was to authorize the committee of safety to send flints to troops at New York; that Delaware and Maryland be requested to embody their militia into a flying camp, &c. The report reads: "*The declaration, then being read, was agreed to as follows:*" Then follows the Declaration, and as if they had done nothing except routine business. while in fact they were doing what would shake the world, after directing that the declaration "be proclaimed in each of the United States at the head of the army"—the record proceeds abruptly as follows: "Ordered that Mr. Morris and Mr. Hewes determine the hire of Mr. Walker's vessel, which was employed by commodore Hopkins in the service of the continent." Then followed merely routine business, such as providing for more flints, appointing "Dr. Franklin, Mr. J. Adams and Mr. Jefferson" a committee to "prepare a device for a seal of the United States of America," and finally,—"*Resolved*, that the secret committee be directed to sell 25 lbs. of powder to John Garrison, of North Carolina," and then "adiourned to nine o'clock to-morrow," as if they were in a hurry for their dinner. What our citizen of the new nation wanted so much powder for is still a state secret. We do not know even who John was or what he was going to do with "25 lbs. of powder," but we suspect strongly that he was up to some treasonable operation against Great Britain, or David Fanning, our tory, or some of the followers of Flora Mcdonald, who fought at Moore's Creek or who hid in the "tory hole" at Elizabethtown in Bladen county. But whoever John was it is evident that he was a plucky fellow, and we say—"peace to his ashes."

Now, we read Lippard's description of this event in our more youthful days, and we remember that we cried over it. He said that there was an old man in the tower of the state house ready to ring that old bell on which was an inscription, somewhat as follows: "Proclaim Liberty to all the world and the people thereof;" that the state house yard and the streets were crammed with silent and gaping people waiting the action of Congress which sat with closed doors; that at length a fair-haired boy ran out from the door and cried out to the old man, "Ring!"; that the old bell creaked on its hinges, that its iron tongue struck out the peal of liberty and independence to three millions of people. Then plaudits rent the air, and the brazen lip of artillery thundered the response. Couriers galloped through valleys and over plains proclaiming the glorious tidings of freedom. Tyrants trembled on their thrones at this bold declaration, and it permeated as sweet music to the oppressed of Europe, from the Atlantic to the Volga.

We know, of course, that the proceedings in Congress were much more dramatic than the dull records show. It is said that when John Hancock, the President of that illustrious body, signed his name to the great document in his bold hand writing he exclaimed, "There! John Bull can read that without spectacles." There is no rumor of any cringing among those noble old patriots, but each one knew, that when he affixed his signature, it made his neck liable to the halter, unless liberty was achieved. It was a grave, momentous and sober occasion to each one of those glorious men whose names now stand in letters of gold. The stoical indifference with which they proceeded to routine business was undoubtedly a sarcasm on one of the greatest events of all history, and old George the III., at whom it was aimed. At all events posterity has canonized their memories, and we all render homage to their courage and patriotism. We honor the day which, more than a century ago, bestowed upon us nationality and liberty, and we enshrine it in the highest records of honor and glory.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

Congress adjourned on Tuesday, if for no other reason, for want of a quorum. We reserve until next week such comments as we may have on one of the most outrageous and disgraceful sessions since the days of the infamous Lecompton legislation in relation to Kansas. The Democratic majorities in both Houses came together in December with the distinct purpose of passing a series of acts most mischievous and injurious to the public interest, and adjourned leaving several appropriation bills unprovided for and the government in embarrassment. Called together by the order of the President in special session they have receeded from some of their purposes, and passed acts to which the President has finally assented, but leaving one important branch of the service unprovided for—the Judicial Department. This majority will go home to dissatisfied and disgusted constituencies, and to a nation whose business interests they have put in peril. Since the days when Cromwell dissolved the long Parliament, no more odious legislative majority has existed, and for more than six long months the nation has been obliged to tolerate a parliamentary body which approached in enormity those of Danton and Robespiere and the Commune.

THE GOLD DIGGINS.

A friend has sent us two numbers of the Black Hills *Pioneer*, published at Deadwood, Dakota. It is a daily folio of eight columns to the page, and well printed. Of the 32 columns 21 are filled with advertisements. The town or city is only five years old, has about 15,000 people, churches, schools, theatres, halls, and parks. At the Theatre they are playing Boucicault's "Arrah Na Pague." The principal agitation just now seems to be the proposed water works. There are two parties offering to build them and the people are to vote on the question. There seems to be a mine everywhere. The U. S. Court is in session. There are to be fire works and a ball on the 4th of July.

There are in all 1206 mines and they yield $542,250, per month and $6,507,000, per year, and the product is increasing. This paper has telegrams from all parts of the world, but there is no railroad within a hundred miles. One fellow is building a great balloon which he calls an "Aerial Ship." This is to make a voyage on the Fourth.

Evidently the best course for the Bonapartists, if they decide to be a factor at all in French politics, is to concentrate upon Victor Napeleon, the son of Prince Jerome. He is in line of "the nephew of his uncle" on the paternal side, and the grandson of Victor Emanuel, late King of Italy, on the maternal side. He is first cousin to the present King of Italy. It is said that he is a young man of excellent parts, and that the late Prince Imperial has named him in his will as his successor.

Chastine Cox, the murderer of Mrs. Hull in New York has been indicted for murder.

A CHANGE IN A RAILROAD.

Gov. Jarvis has made a clean sweep of all the officers of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, removed Mayor John W. Hughes, as President, and appointed the following gentlemen as directors: P. F. Faison, H. F. Grainger, C. S. Wooten, J. F. Parrott, C. C. Clark, John D. Whitford, Levi P. Oglesby, J. C. Davis. State proxy, F. M. Simmons. We judge that Col. John D. Whitford will be president.

It is said that the new management is to adopt a new policy in running the road. That new policy will be to put on a line of steamers between Morehead City and New York and compete for the freight in the back country for this line. Their ally seems to be the Richmond & Danville road—a combination which has a line from Richmond to Charlotte, with a branch from Greensboro to Goldsboro. The new policy is to realize the dream of Gov. Morehead, which was to build up a great *entrepot* for trade and freight at Morehead City. If they do in fact establish a freight line that way which gives better advantages than the lines *via* Richmond and Norfolk, Wilmington and Charleston, we do not see why they may not get a share of the up country freight, in addition to that between Goldsboro and Morehead City, a distance of 150 miles through a good country. At the same time, however, the Wilmington and Weldon will be a competitor for the local freight from Goldsboro towards Morehead City *via* Goldsboro and Norfolk and Richmond. We do not think the Richmond and Danville will be modest in the matter, nor Wilmington and Charleston. Of course producers will send their freights where they can do so to the best advantage.

We suspect, however, that the new policy in railroading is rather political than otherwise on the part of the Jarvis ring. It is probably a union of the Jarvis ring and some ring at Newberne for political purposes. Morehead City has but one wharf and one warehouse, no bank, and no considerable commercial population, and cannot have until it spends several millions in building wharves. A line that way can at best be but a feeble competitor for the ports already established, with all the facilities for extensive commerce.

GEORGIA REPUBLICANS.

Ex-Attorney General Akerman having been interviewed by a *Times* reporter about southern and especially Georgia politics, says:

Southern Republicans ought to be governed in this matter by the judgment of their brethren in those states where the pinch of the battle will come that is, the doubtful states of the north. If the delegates from those states in the nominating convention should be unanimous, or nearly so, our delegates should vote with them; but if they should disagree, our delegate might properly exercise their own preferences.

"What is the prospect of the Republican party in Georgia and the south?"

Mr. Akerman.—Unpromising, as things now appear. In Georgia the party is unorganized, and will remain so until we can find enough capable men, with time, means, and disposition for the work of organization. We once had a few such men among the holders of office. These men are now disabled by executive order. Private citizens are reluctant to undertake the task, either from an apprehension that they will be injured in business or otherwise on account of conspicuous activity in Republican politics, or because the task is so heavy and difficult.

* * * * * * *

And then both the voters and those who could organize them are discouraged by the belief that wherever Republicans are numerous they cannot attempt to vote without danger, or that if they are permitted to cast their ballots the result will be falsified in the returns. Notwithstanding these difficulties, some of our best men are meditating an organization of the party with a view to a contest next year. They may not find themselves equal to the effort, but I hope they will. Wisely managed, it cannot fail to do good. If it produces a large increase of our vote, as it certainly will if the election is a fair one, we shall gain vantage-ground for future contests and the immediate benefit of a representation in the state legislature and in Congress. And if the Democrats prevent this result by fraud or force, their party will be hurt by it in other parts of the country. So, in any event, the effort must help Republicanism either here or somewhere else.

* * * * * * *

In the election of 1876, about 50,000 votes were returned in Georgia for the Hayes Electors. With a vigorous organization, good candidates, and tolerable freedom and fairness in the preparatory canvass and in the election, at least 30,000 would be added to that vote. If the Republicans will exert themselves properly these 80,000 voters will have representation in Atlanta and in Washington, or the Democratic party of Georgia will stannd before the country convicted of practically disfranchising two-fifths of the legal voters of the state.

After saying six southern states could be carried with a fair vote and counting, he adds:

In these states, however, as in Georgia, the question of race still determines the politics of most of the white citizens, and arrays them in fierce and unreasoning opposition to the Republican party. Say what he may when speaking for effect at the north, whenever you thoroughly probe a sincere southern Democrat, you will find that the principal ingredient in his politics is hatred of the equal rights of the negro.

* * * * * * *

He is in the Democratic party because it has opposed, and he is against the Republican party because it has favored, the equal rights of the negro. All other considerations are secondary in weight to this. He may be friendly to the negro in many ways, but he hates the negro as a force in politics, and he hates the party which has entitled the negro to be a force in politics. In this feeling lies the real power of the Democratic party. It is the spring of the fraud and violence which the Republicans so often encounter if they make a serious contest anywhere in the south. It is weaker than it was 10 years ago, but it is still of controlling strength.

* * * * *

The stronger this feeling is, the greater is the need of counter-active force, but the more difficult is the task of the party that furnishes that force. Some of the Republicans are inclined to abandon the task as hopeless. Besides its intrinsic difficulty, they complain that they do not receive encouragement and sympathy from the northern Republicans and from the administration at Washington.

* * * * *

There are plenty of reason, local to the south, for maintaining a Republican party here, independently of the broader view which we should take as citizens of the United States. If we persevere, I believe we shall finally bring the better portion of the Democratic party to act with us. Nothing is more certain that the south will lag behind the rest of the country in prosperity until she adopts in good faith the leading ideas of the Republican party.

* * * * *

The independent movement is a revolt of the rank and file of the party against its self appointed managers and it seems to be a pretty hearty one. As a Republican, I like to see men venture to think and act for themselves, and so I am rather pleased with the vitality which the independents display; but in the party view I have never found them any nearer to me than the regulars, and have never seen how their success would promote the Republican cause.

* * * * *

In speaking of the Hill-Murphy matter, Mr. Akerman refers to the quarrel between Senator Hill and Governor Conquitt, which sprang up because Colquitt allowed West Murphy, a clerk in the Treasurers's office, to take a fee of $8,000 for procuring the signature of the Governor to some bonds of the Northeastern Railroad, indorsed by the state. The affair caused much discussion in Georgia. The Governor demanded of the Legislature an investigation of his official conduct in the matter. A committee, after sitting a month presented two reports. The majority exonerated the Governor and Murphy, but recommended the passage of a law forbidding fees to clerks or officers of the state. The minority report exonorated the Governor, but did not allude to Murphy, also urged the necessity of the law suggested in the majority report. Both reports will come up at the extra session of the Legislature, which will begin next Wednesday. Senator Hill and Mr. Murphy came very near having a personal quarrel over the matter last winter. It seems that Senator Hill had made several efforts to secure the Governor's signature without success, Mr. Murphy agreed to see that the bonds were signed if the company would pay him $8,000. The contract was closed, the bonds were signed, the Rolling Mill Company got their money, and Murphy bagged his fee. Senator Hill was cheated out of a big fee, and was also outraged, as he says, by such proceeding. He wrote a letter severely attacking Gov. Colquitt's action and Murphy's conduct in the the whole affair. He declares that he will use all his power to defeat the majority report. The question has caused much dissension in the Democratic ranks, and will be bitterly discused in the Legislature.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The German Reichstag (parliament) has fixed the duty on foreign tobacco at 85 marks per 100 kilogrammes.

The Empress Eugenia was senseless for many hours after hearing of the Prince Imperial's death.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company has sued the heirs of Oakes Ames for monies alleged to be due from Ames to the said road.

Longfellow recognizes that a distinctive American race is growing up in the west. He says that the west is the nursery of America's productions.

There has been a "corner" created in spring wheat in the northwest, throwing it up 10 cents. The combination is said to be so strong that it can sustain itself through the whole season.

Gen. R. H. Anderson, a graduate of West Point, and who became a Major General of the Confederacy, died at Beaufort, S. C., last week of apoplexy. He commanded Wagner at one time.

The *Times*, in its financial article says: "The total amount of bullion in the Bank of England, namely, £35,143,525, is the largest on record. At present there is no reason to think that this immense sum will not be considerably exceeded."

The Countess Lambertini claims to be the daughter of the late Cardinal Antonelli, the eminent Premier of Pius IX., and claimed a share of the estate amounting to $2,500,000. The Supreme Court has set the case aside declaring that the Countess, if her allegation is true, is a "sacreligious child," a Priest by canonical law not being allowed to have children. The Court also held that the Countess was not Antonelli's daughter.

DEMOCRACY ARRAIGNED.

A Strong Bill of Indictment Against the Revolutionists.

The Charges Specific--Business Interests Injured--Issues of the War Revived--Swindle of Workingmen—Displacement of Union Soldiers—Caucus Put Above the Legislature—Jeff Davis Deffied.

[From the National Republican.]

THE ISSUES OF 1880 ALREADY MADE UP.

During his speech in the Senate yesterd by Senator Chandler made the following arraignments of the Democratic party: The charges are specific, the evidence abundant, and there is little doubt as to the verdict of the people when their decision is recorded at the polls, Mr. Chandler said:

MR. PRESIDENT: we are approaching the end of this extra session, and its record will soon become history. The acts of the Democrats, as manifested in Congress, justify me in arraigning it before the loyal people of the United States, on the political issues which it has presented, as the enemy of the nation and as the author and abettor of rebellion.

Mr. Chandler proceeded to arraign the Democratic party as follows:

First—For having resorted to revolutionary measures to carry out their partisan projects by attempting to coerce the Executive by withholding supplies, and thus accomplishing by starvation the destruction of the government which they had failed to overthrow by arms.

Second—For having injured the business interests of the country by forcing the present extra sessioon after liberal compromises were tendered to them previous to the close of the last session.

Third—For having attempted to throw away the results of the recent war by again elevating state over national sovereignty. We sacrificed more than 300,000 lives and expended $5,000,000,000 to put down this heresy and to perpetuate the national life.—They surrendered this at Appomattox, but now they attempt to renew this pretension.

Fourth—For having attempted (there are honorable exceptions and lohg may they be remembered) to damage the business interests of the country by forcing silver coin into circulation of less value than it represents, thus swindling the laboring man and the producer by compelling him to accept eighty-five cents for a dollar, and thus enriching the bullion owners at the expense of the laborer. Twelve hundred million dollars is paid yearly to labor alone in this country, and by forcing an eighty-five cent dollar on the workingmen you swindle them out of $185,000,000 yearly.

Fifth—For having removed without cause experienced officers and employees of this body, some of whom served and were wounded in the Union army, and with appointing men who had in the rebel army attempted to destroy the Government.

Sixth—For having instituted a secret and illegitimate tribunal, the edicts of which have been made the supreme governing power of Congress, in defiance of the fundamental principles of the Constitution. The decrees of this junta are known, although its motives are hidden.

Seventh—For having held up for public admiration that arch rebel Jefferson Davis [great laughter on the Democratic side], declaring that he was inspired by motives as sacred and as noble as animated Washington, and as having rendered services in attempting to destroy the Union which will equal in history Grecian fame and Roman glory. You may laugh, but the people of the north will make you laugh out of the other side of your mouth. [Renewed laughter.]

Eighth—For having undertaken to blot from the statute book of the nation wise laws rendered necessary by the war and its results, and insuring "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" to the emancipated freedmen, who are now so bulldozed and kukluxed that they are seeking peace in exile, although urged to remain by shot guns.

Ninth—For having attempted to repeal the wise legislation which excludes those who served under the rebel flag from holding commissions in the army and navy of the United Statts.

Tenth—For having introduced a large amount of legislation for the exclusive benefit of the states recently in rebellion, which, if enacted, would bankrupt the national treasury.

Eleventh—For having conspired to destroy all that the Republican party has accomplished, many of them breaking their oaths of allegiance to the United States and pledging their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honors to overthrow this government. They failed, and thus lost all they pledged. Call a halt! The days of vaporing are over. The loyal north are aroused and their doom is sealed.

Mr. Chandler continued: I accept the issue on these arraignments, distinctly and specifically, before the citizens of this great Republic. As a Senator of the United States, and as a citizen of the United States, I appeal to the people. It is for those citizens to say who is right and who is wrong. I go before that tribunal confident that the Republican party is right and that the Democratic party is wrong. They have made these issues, not we, and by them they must stand or fall. This is the platform which they have constructed, not only for 1879, but for 1880.—They cannot change it, for we will hold them to it. They have made their bed and we will see to it that they lie thereon.

The Khedive of Egypt, Ismail Pasha, has abdicted his vice regal throne, at the command of the Sultan, and his, son, Prince Mahommed Tewfik has assumed it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons--Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when peopie were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous saystem. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet cleansing and strengthening the foutain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS, They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down down in constitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer
338 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

For sale by T. S. Burbank, Wilmington, N. C.

WANTED

A LIMITED number of active energetic canvassers to engage in a pleasant and profitable business. Good men will find this a rare chance

TO MAKE MONEY.

Such will plesh answer this advertisement by letter, enclosing stamp for reply, stating what business they have been engaged in. None but those who mean business need apply.

Address,
FINLEY, HARVEY & CO.,
april 20—1y Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN WERNER, Formery of Richmond Va.
H. C. PREMPERT, Formerly of Goldsboro, N. C.

WERNER & PREMPERT,

Personally in attendance at

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House, and No. 7 South Front Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

None but the most experienced workmen employed in this establishment.

☞ Manufacturers of Tonics, Hair Oil, Cologne, Renovators, Dyes, Beautifiers, &c., &c. april 12—tf

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless, relief and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

☞ "I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleaveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $40."

DAVID SPARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief.

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

☞ No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK.

March 23—1y.

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of June, 1879, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Samuel Northrop, William H. Northrop and William A. Cumming, partners trading as Northrop & Cumming, of Wilmington, in the county of New Hanover, in said District, who has been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition. That the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them, or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden on the 25th, day of July A. D. 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Fayetteville, N. C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy of said district.

J. B. HILL,
june 28 Marshal for said District.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street, New York:

Dear Sir—I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, Nov.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the aduiteration of liquors I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionbie variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist

NEW YOK, CEDAR, STREET } November 26th, 1867. }

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnaps, which I took from a fresh package in you bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification; that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATOY,
13 Exchange Place, New York,
November 25, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq:

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours

ALEX. TRIPEL, Chemist.
FRANCIS E. ENGELHARD, M. D.

For sale by all respectable Grocers and Druggists.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SONS & CO.,
18 Beaver street, New York.
may 4—1y

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1879.

THE PARTIES IN THE SOUTH

Mississippi's Favorite Plan—Republicans Murdered and their Stolen Money Used to Pay Ballot-Box Stuffers.

[From the Chicago Inter-Ocean, June 25.]

A pretty piece of iniquity has come to light in Yazoo City, Miss., which shows the process employed to make a "solid south." The story is well worth reading.

In 1875 a murderous raid was made upon the Republicans of Yazoo. Many of the prominent members of the party were driven from the state, and others were murdered. Among the latter was one Patterson, who was at the time a Republican member of the legislature. He was hanged by a mob, led or directed by a man named Dixon and one P. J. McCormick, a prominent Democrats, who soon after became Chairman of the Democratic Committee. On Patterson's body was a large sum of money, which disappeared, and has remained unaccounted for until now. It happens that the man Dixon is now a candidate for Sheriff on the Independent ticket, and a few weeks since some one accused him of using the murdered man's money for his own benefit. Angry at this charge, Dixon published a letter in which he said:

"It is charged that said money was used for my own benefit; I feel in honor bound to vindicate myself, although I deplore to refer to the past as it will bring before the public many of our best citizens. I will briefly state that said money, and larger sums, were raised and used to defray the current expenses of the campaign, and to stuff the ballot-boxes, if necessary; to purchase certificates of election for two officers holding offices of trust and emolument in our county. I have in my possession the necessary proof, and if called on will furnish it.

"I ask no credit for what I did in the campaign of 1875, as many did fully as much as myself, if not more; but I do humbly beg that no shame be attached to me and mine for what benefited the entire county, and many who are now holding office in this county. There are parties who aspire to political position who are aware of the correctness of my statement, and who acted as stakeholders in this matter.

"I can call on many active workers in our Democratic ranks to bear me out in my innocence."

This was published as an advertisement in the Democratic organ, and brought out a letter from McCormick, in which he said:

"I will simply say that the constituted authorities of the Democratic party had nothing whatever to do with the 'raising of said money,' or the use made of 'said money.'"

In reference to this Dixon publishes another card, which we find in the Yazoo City *Herald* of June 6, and which we publish below. It is rare reading for Democrats, and shows the absolute necessity of preventing military interference at the polls if we would preserve our liberties.

[*An Advertisement.*]

EDITOR HERALD—In response to the card of P. J. McCormick that appeared in the *Sentinel*, I will state that I did not assert in my card that the constituted Democratic authorities had any connection with the Patterson affair, nor did I charge that the ballot-boxes were stuffed.

I again say that the supposed Patterson money was used to defray current expenses of the eventful campaign of 1875.

I further state $3,000 was paid as a bribe to have the ballot-boxes stuffed, if necessary, and to issue certificates of election to the Democratic candidates This Dr. P. J. McCormick was Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee at the time, and was a party to the contract. I have in my possession the necessary receipt to show who received the $3,000, also the false key to the ballot-box.

I consider that my conduct throughout the canvass of 1875, was fully indorsed by all Democratic citizens, and I do not fear that my character will suffer by any cowardly attack made for a political purpose. Respectfully,

H. M. DIXON.

It is easy to see how these patriots might have been embarrassed and perhaps defeated in their worthy work had a military force been at hand to interfere. In the first place Patterson's life would probably have been saved, and this would have kept $1,400 or $1,500 out of the Democratic treasury. Again, Morgan and other Republicans would not have been forced to flee the state, voting would have been free, and the patriotic McCormick and his men would have been relegated to back seats. The organization for 1876, when Tilden swept the state because people who favored any other man were not permitted to vote, would have perished in embryo, and the Electoral Commission would not have been necessary. Thus a glance only is required to show what a mighty necessity there is for keeping the hands of the military off in the southern state elections. Under the new army bill blue coats cannot be used as a police force to maintain the peace," while gray coats, in the shape of state militia, have the entire freedom of the polls, and will, doubtless, see to it that no embarrassment arises in the carrying out of the shot-gun policy. By all means keep troops away from Mississippi.

The Harvard and Yale regatta at New London ended in a complete victory for the Harvard boys. The time made by Harvard was 20.44, and by Yale 21.29. The band played "fair Harvard," cheers from thousands of throats rent the air, and a salute was fired over the Harvard triumph.

Stock raisers report terrible ravages among young pigs by the hog cholera in southern Wisconsin and Jo Davies county, Ill. A Galena dispatch says that hundreds are dying, and the disease not only spreads from drove to drove, but is always attended with fatal results.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONE OF, IF NOT

THE

LARGEST STOCKS

OF WHOLESALE

GROCERIES OFFERED

FOR SALE IN THE

State of North Carolina,

CAN BE FOUND AT

ADRIAN & VOLLERS

Southeast Corner Dock and Front Streets, Wilmington, N. C.

☞Orders and Purchasers Solicited.

july 7 tf

Flour, Sugar, Meat, Molasses.

1000 Bbls FLOUR, of various brands.

250 Bbls SUGAR, of sundry grades

150 Boxes MEAT, Hams, Shoulders Sides, Strips, Bellies.

200 Hhds and Bbls MOLASSES

Call on or order direct from

dec 21 tf ADRIAN & VOLLERS

THE PURCELL HOUSE

HAS PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF the undersigned, has been newly furnished throughout, and, as heretofore, will be run strictly as a

First-Class Hotel!

Board reduced as follows: $2 50 and $3 per day; With Rooms, per month, $35; Table Board, per month $25.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars

ALWAYS ON HAND AT

Regular City Prices.

We hope to see all the old patrons of the house and ALL THEIR FRIENDS, promising them that no pains shall be spared to please all.

Jan 18- COBB BROS., Proprietors.

SOL BEAR & BROS.,

18, 20 MARKET ST.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC, AT the

LOWEST NET PRICES,

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND

CHEAPEST STOCKS OF

READY MADE CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots,

Shoes,

Hats,

Caps and

Dry Goods,

Carpeting,

Blankets,

&c., &c.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere dec 21 tf.

FOR SALE.

135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

Parties wishing to purchase will please apply to A. McDONALD,

Prospect Hill, Bladen County N. C.

tf.

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL

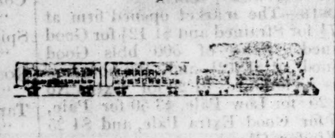
ENGINEERING

AT the Rensselaer Polytebbnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12. The Annual Register for 1878 contains a list of the graduates for the past 52 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer.

jy 20 1m

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at..... 7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at..... 1:10 P. M,
Leave Weldon a't..... 3:33 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at..... 9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at..... 8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at..... 3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at..... 2 13 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at..... 8 45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5,00 P. M. Daily, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4.00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10.00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8,30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond.

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't

je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

ON and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN— (Daily.)

Leave Wilmington..... 9.05 A M
Arrive Florence..... 1.25 P. M
Leave Florence..... 3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 8 20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington..... 10 13 P M
Leave Florence..... 2.50 A M
Arrive at Columbia..... 9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia..... 6.00 A M
Leave Florence at..... 2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington..... 6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington, Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.

je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 16, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1. Leave Wilmington at..... 6:30 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at..... 2:00 P. M
" Charlotte at..... 8:11 A. M

No. 2. Leave Charlotte at..... 8:20 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at..... 2:00 P. M
" Wilmington at..... 10:00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9. Leave Charlotte..... 7:00 A. M.
Arrive at Shelby..... 11:15 A. M.

No. 10. Leave Shelby..... 12:15 P. M
Arrive at Charlotte..... 5:00 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON,

Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

sep 15

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS $140 TO $400.

All new, and strictly first-class, and sold at the lowest net cash wholesale factory prices, direct to the purchaser. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the HIGHEST HONORS—over 12,000 in use. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co.—Factory established over 37 years. The Square Grands contain Mathushek's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the Finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue of 48 pages—mailed free.

MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO., 21 East 15th Street, N. Y.

apr. 13—6m.

N. GREENWALD.

DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED

CIGARS AND SNUFFS,

North Carolina and Virginia Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,

PIPE SMOKERS ARTICLE, &c.

"Indian Girl Cigar Store.'

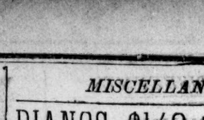
NO. 26 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, N. C.

dec 21 tf

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORHŒA.

THE

"SEMINAL BASTILLE"



SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct application to the prostate gland, by absorption, and exercising its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and so absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization, wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Etc. Etc. and the appearance of premature old age, finally accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness so, with but little if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this Preparation, Practical observation warrants a positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail sealed for $5—two boxes, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure unless in severe cases) $9—Three boxes lasting three full months, will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $12—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

(Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the)

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G. CHEMISTS. Market and 8th. Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dec 8—tf.

BOOKS For the MILLION

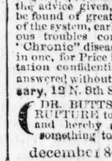
A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, Compatible and Incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to bridegroom, Advice to husbands, Advice to wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celebacy and Matrimony compared, Consequences, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life considered, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their causes and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser," on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, &c., also on Spermatorhœa, Sexual Debility, and Impotency, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Seminal Emissions, Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc. making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice," a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases.—Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address: Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

(DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—Not a Truss.)

december 8—tf



Private Hospital, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information by express. Reliable Female Pills, $5 per box. Private home and nurse for Ladies during confinement.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Nothing offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never before published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 203 Clark St.

dec —tf

OPIUM and MORPHINE habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for full particulars. DR. CARLTON, 203 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

dec 1—tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP.

HOUSES AND LOTS.

BUILDING LOTS

IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

Apply to W. P. CANADAY.

GOLD Great chance to make money If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and Illustrated family publication, in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug 17-12m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. D. MORILL,

Undertaker, Carpenter and Cabinet Maker.

ON PRINCESS STREET

In the basement of the old Journal Building.

WILL FURNISH COFFINS, CASKETS, with attendance, at the very shortest notice.

All orders from the country promptly attended to.

Orders for Carpenter and Cabinet Work solicited, and work guaranteed.

Work as low as any in the city.

Jan 18-tf

ORGANS.

A LARGE LOT OF FINE

REED AND PIPE TOP

ORGANS JUST RECEIVED

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS,

NEW ENGLAND ORGANS,

BURDETT ORGANS, and

JUBILEE ORGANS,

For sale at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store.

may 10—tf.

OLD,

TRIED,

AND

TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 35 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

february 1 ly R

BLACKSMITH AND HORSE-SHOEING.

I HAVE OPENED A SHOP AT THE corner of Market and Seventeenth streets, where I am prepared to shoe horses and mules, repair carts, wagons, buggies and carriages—both wood and iron work. I hope my old friends will remember me when they have any work in my line. I guarantee satisfaction in price and quality of work. RICHARD WATERS

feb 1 tf

Rogers' Extra Early Peas.

FOR EARLINESS AND SUPERIOR quality cannot be excelled. White Marrow fat, Black Eye and other good varieties.—Early Snap Berns, Cabbage, Tomatoes, Radish Seed, Potatoes, and a general assortment of Vegetable and Feld Seed of reliable quality, at low prices. (Catalogues sent by mail.) Special attention to orders by mail. C. B. ROGERS, Seed Grower,

dec. 29 133 Market St., Phila.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. apl 19-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE

HOMELESS.

HOUSES AND LOTS

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TREMENDOUS excitement over the great reduction and splendid terms offered to buyers of real estate by W. P. CANADAY.

EXAMINE THE LOCATIONS.

A Large 8 Room House corner of 4th and Walnut streets, opposit Col. H. H. Munson's.

A 8ix Room House on 7th and Walnut streets, the highest part of Wilmington with a splendid view and good water.

SIX Room House on Castle between 6th and 7th streets. Premises complete.

HOUSE and Lot on Dickerson between Rankin and Miller streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 4th street between Queen and Wooster streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Castle and Queen streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Brunwick between 6th and 7th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Market between 13th and 14th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on Queen between 10th and 11th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th between Harnett and Nixon streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th adjoining the above.

HOUSE and Lot on Church between 5th and 6th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 9th street near Red Cross street—House new.

HOUSE and Lot next to and adjoining the above—House old,

HOUSE and Lot on Dudley between 9th and 10th streets.

HOUSE and Lot on 11th between Church and Castle streets.

I HAVE OTHER BUILDINGS IF THE ABOVE WILL NOT SUIT.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS.

AND IN

EXCELLENT LOCALITIES.

LOT on Brunswick between 2nd and 3rd streets—45x100 feet.

LOT next to and adjoining the above—45x100 feet.

THESE Lots are within one Block of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad shops, and within two Blocks of the Carolina Central Railroad Depot. If none of the above or following will suite, I have others that I will sell.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY LOTS,

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY splendid Building Lots between Market and Prineess streets, and Seventeenth and Twentieth streets, in the most beautiful part of Wilmington.

ALSO 120 LOTS.

One Hundred and Twenty Lots between Princess and Chestnut streets and 17th and 20th streets.

120 LOTS MORE.

One Hundred and Ttwenty Lots between Chestnut and Mulberry treets, and 17th and 20th sts.

The size of the above Lots is 30 by 75 feet each.

Good Farming Land.

100 Acres of Good Farming Land in Pender county.

A Small farm in Brunswick county on Town Creek.

THE above property will be sold very cheap for cash, or on terms that will suit the purchaser. NOW is the time to PROVIDE a home for your family. Do not continue to pay high rent and die poor, but buy while you can. The rent you pay will buy you a home of your own, and when you are old you will be thankful you had such an opportunity.

W. P. CANADAY.

may 10—tf On Princess between Front and Second streets.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 6, 1879.

FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

The Fourth of July Celebration at Hilton was quite a success. At 10 o'clock a. m., the Carolina Light Infantry, of Charleston, and Companies A and B of the Fifth Battalion N. C. S. G., under command of Captain J. A. Williams, marched to the place designated for the meeting, where the following exercises took place:

Reading the Declartion of Independence, by J. C. Hill, Esq.

Oration, by Colonel Geo. L. Mabson, who came forward and said:

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen, and Fellow Soldiers:

It is not my intention to-day, my friends, to deliver to you an oration commemorative of the deeds of our ancestors, deeds that have made the names of *Americans* the sublimest in history, nor to dwell at length upon the great blessings that have been showered upon us as a nation, by our Heavenly Father, who in His allwise providence has seen fit to so greatly bless us, but rather to avail myself of this opportunity, and address you, my friends, my companions, my fellow soldiers next to my God, my all in all, as *negroes*, to say something of the part that we have taken in the establishment and perpetuation of American liberties.

Now, the question may be asked, what part did the negro take in the establishment and formation of this great government of ours, and what have they done to perpetuate it?

In reply to the first question I say that if the truth had been written it would be found that in the Revolution, in the times of 1776, that colored men, aye, negroes, performed *their* part, and even in those times, if they had received their just dues would have received the plaudit of "well done good and faithful servants." Now as to the second query, what have they done to perpetuate it, I need hardly speak, In al the great struggles incident to human life, especially those in which the life of a nation is involved, blood is necessary, and blood *must* be shed to firmly establish those principles for which nation has arrayed itself against nation, or section against section, as the case may be. Whether or not the colored man performed his full duty to the national government, I leave the bloody fields of Virginia, Maryland, Mississippi and other southern states to tell when the *true* history of that strife shall have been written the deeds of the *negro* will not be found to have been of an insignificant character. Not only were they who resided at the north true to the nation, but those in the south although tied with the shackles of slavery, remained true to their homes, and though perhaps they by united efforts might have risen in their might and made war upon the wives and children of those who were fighting to keep them in slavery, they hugged their shackles to their breasts, and resolved to be *true* to the trust confided in them, even if it doomed them to perpetual slavery.

Thus you see my friends that our race performed no insignificant part in the late war viewing it from either standpoint, and let me here predict, that when the *true* history of that war shall have been written, that in it the negro and his action will be so recorded as to merit the applause of the entire world; and just here my friends let me say just a few words, and they are uttered in all sincerity, kindness and brotherly love, do not hearken to the words of the tempter and thus encompass your own ruin? I mean by this do not give ear to *pretended* friends and leave your homes, your truest friends, and as the past has proven, and as I hope the future will still further prove, the best interests of yourselves and families. Born and reared here in the south as we have been, it is but natural that our best hopes, and fondest expectations should lie here, and if you my friends could (as you did) live here in the sunny south during the dark days of slavery, why cannot you now, when God has seen fit to make you free men and free women, not only live and become prosperous with the whites with whom you were born and raised, but become an honor and credit to your race, ornaments to society, and true types of American citizens.

And now my friends since I contend (and not without some show of reason) that the negro had performed a part in the establishment and perpetuation of this government, so I also contend, that we as citizens of this great Republic have a right to join in, and take an active part in celebrating its victories, and days of proudest acheivements. Thus it is that we celebrate this the 4th day of July, the anniversary of the 104th year of American Independence, *the acts* of our forefathers, *our actions*, all tell us that we can join with our brethren of the white race in celebrating this, to us, next to January 1st, Emancipation Day, the greatest day in American history. Let us then my friends, my fellow countrymen, while the booming of cannon, the tramp of citizen soldiery, the rejoicings of every true American is heard. Send up our thanksgiving to the Almighty God for the great care and kindnesses that he has vouchsafed to us both as a nation and people,—and in common with other citizens endeavor to keep alive that spirit of patriotic devotion, that should animate the breast of every true American, and transmit the same to our childrens children. Our devotion to our country has been proven. Our love for our southern sunny homes undenied, our title to citizenship, and equal rights before the law unquestioned. Let us then as colored men, as citizens of this glorious Union of states, endeavor to regulate our every day lives, as to insure for us in this world, from men of every class, the extension of the right hand of fellowship, the assurances of good will, and in the world to come life everlasting.

And now my comrades in arms one word in conclusion to you, and I have done: You too my fellow soldiers have a share of the work necessary to the credit and elevation of our race to perform. You are looked upon to do all that is in your power to assist the white soldiery in the maintainance of order, you are expected to be ever ready to defend your homes, your city, your state, and your country. And although, at present the path before us may seem dark and dreary, rest assured that e'er long, (and may the day be not far distant) the clouds will have disappeared, and we receive from state and country that recognition that our services deserve and demand. When we recollect the fact that when the war first began the negro was only allowed to stand by and witness the great struggle, that involved the life of the nation and his freedom from slavery; when we recollect that through the instrumentality of the lamented Governor of Massacousetts, John A. Andrews, the negro soldier after self sacrificing fields of bravery and patriotism unenumerated, were given equal credit and pay with the white soldiers, when we recollect that the negro fought with no hope of reward for gallantry on the field. When we recollect that no matter how brave and chivalrous his conduct may have been in battle no chance of promotion was his, and when we recollect that now, a negro, if qualified may be, and has been admitted to West Point, that great military school of this country, or to that other great institution, the Naval Academy at Annappolis, and by study and good conduct rise to the same degree of prominence that the white student may attain too. I say that when we recollect all this should we not thank God and be unfeignedly thankful for all His great blessings to us as a people? And all this fellow soldiers has been accomplished by the fortitude, valor, and of heroism performed by the colored soldiers during the war. and by their good conduct and patience through suffering since the war. As an evidence of the former let me read to you the following order issued by the General Commanding the 25th Army Corps:

HEADQU'RS, 25TH ARMY CORPS, ARMY OF THE JAMES,
In the, Field Va., Feb., 20th, 1865.

ORDERS.—In view of the circumstances under which the Corps was raised and filled, the peculiar claims of its individual members upon the justice and fair dealing of the prejudiced, and regularity of the conduct of the troops which *deserve* those *equal rights* that have been hitherto denied the majority, the Commanding General has been induced to adopt the *Square* as the distinctive badge of the 25th Army Corps.

Wherever danger has been found and glory to be won, the heroes who have fought for immortality have been distinguished by some emblem to which every victory added a new lustre. They looked upon their badges with pride, for to it they had given its fame. In the homes of smiling peace, it recalled the days of courageous endurance and the hours of deadly strife—and it solaced the moment of death, for it was a symbol of a life of heroism and self denial. The poets still sing of the "Templars Cross," the "Crescent" of the Turk, the "Chalice" of the hunted Christian, and the "White Plume" of Murat, that crested the wave of valor, sweeping resistlessly to victory.

Soldiers! To you is given a chance, in this spring campaign, of making this badge immortal. Let history record that on the banks of the James, thirty thousand freemen, not only gained their own liberty, but shattered the prejudice of the world and gave to the land of their birth, Peace, Union and Glory.

GODFREY WEITZEL,
Major Gen'l Commanding.

Which sufficiently attests their valor on the field of battle. And as an evidence of the latter, I could read to you extracts without number, taken from the papers of the day.

And now, my friends, let me say that I firmly believe that if we but labor and act aright; if we will but do all that in our power lies to build up our homes, and bring up our children to a high standard of education and refinement, that we will ere long have reached that plane of society, that high standard of intellectual improvement that make a race great and respected. And from my heart can I say: "So mote it be."

At the conclusion of the oration the Companies were re-formed and marched through the principal streets to their quarters. At night they attended an entertainment at Mariah Hall.

The Carolina Light Infantry made a very handsome appearance, and Charleston may well feel proud of such a noble looking set of men as comprise this command.

Commencement at Clarkton.

We clip the speech published below of Mr. N. A. Stedman from the Raleigh *Observer*. Mr. Stedman has very many friends who take the POST, therefore we take pleasure in laying his very excellent address before them:

ELIZABETHTOWN, June 25, 1879.

By invitation I attended the closing exercises of this school on the 20th of this month. Clarkton is a thriving village that has sprung up since the war under the business energy of Messrs. Clark & Currie, situated directly upon the Carolina Central Railway, about forty miles west of Wilmington, in the county of Bladen.

Your correspondent did not arrive in time to hear all of the examinations, but those he did hear gave evidence of careful training on the part of the Principal, Mr. Thomas H. Graves, a son of the late L. C. Graves, at one time at the head of the Clinton Female College, and nephew of Rev. N. Z. Graves, of cherished memory, men who taught because they loved to teach.

After a bountiful dinner spread in the grove, the crowd again assembled in the Academy to hear the address by Mr. N. A. Stedman, of Elizabethtown. Mr. Stedman is a young man of great promise, a native of the good old town of Fayetteville. He read law with Judge Pearson, and after he was licensed began the practice of his profession in Elizabethtown. He began his address by congratulating the patrons of the school, exhorting them to sustain it and to give it what it richly deserved, more than a local reputation: and as an instance of what might be done, referred to the log cabin in which, three generations ago, Mr. Bingham began that school which now has a world wide reputation. His subject was "Moral Culture Essential to Success, and hence to Happiness in Life," illustrating it with notable examples in history, such as George Washington and Nathaniel Greene on the one hand, and Benedict Arnold and Napoleon Bonaparte on the other, paying a beautiful tribute to our mothers in forming our characters, and to our wives in sustaining their husbands in the hour of temptation and trial.

He next urged the youth before him with this good foundation laid to strive to make life a success. Here again he drew from history. His reference to Henry Clay was grand. Under the spell of his oratory I felt the Old Line (E. J. Hale) Whig fire flaming up in my bosom. Another argument which he used to stimulate the minds of his young hearers was "State Pride." To honor their native state by giving her a name for having lived in her, holding up before them the lives of such men as Gaston, Badger, Ruffin, H. W. Miller, Dobbin, and others. His peroration, interspersed with classical allusions, was a fitting close to so admirable an address. Mr. Stedman speaks very rapidly, and with unusual earnestness, his eloquence reminding one of a mighty river overflowing its banks, carrying everything before it. His audience was a critical one, made up of divines, lawyers, physicians, legislators, teachers, successful business men and intelligent farmers, with many of the fair women of Bladen and Columbus, and it is enough to say the address gave universal satisfaction. At the close of the address Miss Sallie Clark, in behalf of her fellow-students, stepped upon the platform and in a very neat little speech presented Mr. Stedman with a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

At night one interesting feature of the exercises was an original debate conducted by four young men, viz: Messrs. L. A. Blue and Calhoun Ellis on one side, and Hayes McCalhoun and Pearson Ellis on the other, acquitting themselves in a manner that would do credit to older heads. The declamation on the part of the young men was unusually fine, and if no untoward event takes place we expect to hear from our boys in after life. Mr. Graves' business is to teach. He is also the Superintendent of the Brown Marsh Sabbath School, and although an officer in the Presbyterian Church his school is not sectarian, numbering among its patrons such men as John H. Clark, John D. Currie, H. C. McCallum, J. W. Ellis and K. K. Council, representatives of the largest Christian denominations in the state.

BLADEN.

TARBORO, N. C., June 30, 1879.

EDITOR OF THE POST:

I am well pleased with your recommendation for President and Vice President. Hon. John Sherman, one of the original panel of Republicans, is one of the best men in the country, and we, the colored people of the south, want to support a man who was a Republican when it required backbone to be one. Such a man we know we can trust, and Thos. Settle will get our unqualified support for the Vice Presidency. There could be no better man put on the ticket with Mr. Sherman than Judge Settle, therefore our candidates, we hope, will be Sherman and Settle.

Now to make the ticket for 1880 complete I desire to recommend for Governor of North Carolina Hon. W. A. Smith, there being no better man in the Old North State than Bill Smith, or who could poll a larger vote. Then place Hon. A. S. Seymour on with him as Lieut. Governor the ticket would be complete, and we defy any one to state a stronger one. This team would unquestionably win. By all means give us for our candidates of 1880 the 4 S. S. S. S., and victory will be ours.

A COLORED REPUBLICAN.

JEFFERSON DAVIS'S SPEECH
His Exact words, as Reported by an Admirer.

[From the Columbus (Miss.) Independent, June 13.

Mr Davis was deeply moved by the enthusiastic welcome given him and the soul-spoken address to which he had listened. Facing the audience he said: "I love Mississippi! In vigorous manhood I sought, as a soldier, to place laurels on her brow; as a prisoner in a dungeon I sought to honor her by wearing with fortitude the chains her enemies locked around me; and I hope to live to weave another chaplet for her honored brow. I defended Mississippi when she was reviled for repudiating her obligations, and I defended her because she had never repudiated an honest debt. I defended her for her act of secession, because secession is the rightful remedy and the last and only resort for preserving constitutional liberty, when the dominant party to the constitutional compact disregards the restraints wisely imposed for the preservation of the liberties of the people against the agressions of those in authority. In the act of secession you did no wrong and I did no wrong. But whatever you and I may think about it, of one truth I am confident. I have never seen a reconstructed southern woman, and such women will yet raise up children to vindicate that you and I were right. Do not think that I am preaching another revolution or stirring up party strife. I am only declaring my undoubting conviction of the God-granted righteousness of our cause, and that it will yet be vindicated. Like Job in the disolation of her sack-cloth and ashes, Mississippi can say, 'I believe my avenger liveth.'"

After complimentary remarks about the press of Mississippi, Mr. Davis paid a tribute to the ladies, and returning thanks for the generous welcome extended to him his full heart overflowed and stretching out his hands, like some God-chosen patriarch, his voice trembled as he said: "Mississippians, women and men, I love you all. God bless you, bless you and preserve you, one and all."

After Mr. Davis had finished speaking it was announced that all those desiring so to do could pay their respects to him. He was soon surrounded, and some who are now boys and girls will tell, when gray and bent, how they shook hands with Jefferson Davis at the Mississippi Press Assciation.

$55 $77 a Week to Agents $1 00 OUTFIT FREE. P. O. VIYTORE, Augusta, Maine. sept 1-1y

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THE GENUINE
DR. C. McLANE'S
Celebrated American
WORM SPECIFIC
OR
VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,
DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE
will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY
in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S
LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name ***McLane,*** spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8.—1y

POLITICAL.

'It is worth double its price"—Ottawa (Canada), Advertiser.

☞CHEAPEST AND BEST!☜

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FULL SIZE PAPER PATTERNS!

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Are the best published anywhere. All the most popular writers are employed to write originally for "Peterson." In 1879, in addition to the usual quantity of short stories, Five Original Copyright Novelettes will be given, by Ann S. Stephens, Frank Lee Benedict, Frances Hodgson Burnett, Jane G. Austin, and that unrivalled humorist, the author of "Josiah Allen's wife."

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CONSUMPTION
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We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders at trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price, for large box, $3.00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada by mail on receipt of price,

ASH & ROBBINS,
360 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
March 30—1 y.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

June 28.—

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened steady at 25 cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported of 100 casks at 25½ cents.

ROSIN—The market opened firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 12½ for Good Strained. Sales of 500 bbls Good Strained at $1 12½, and 166 bbls fine rosins as follows: $1 20 for Extra No 2, $3 25 for Low Pale, $3 50 for Pale, $3 75 for Good Extra Pale, and $4 25 for Window Glass.

TAR.—Market was steady at 75 cts per bbl, of 280 lbs, the receipts of the day being disposed of at that price.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	"	"
S. Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling	11¾	"	"
Middling	12	"	"
Good Middling	—	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	3 bales
Spirits turpentine	635 casks
Rosin	1,970 bbls
Tar,	— bbls
Crude turpentine	339 bbls

June 30

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened firm at 25¼ cents per gallon for counry packages, with sales reported later of 120 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 12½ for Good Strained. Sales reported of 500 bbls. Good Strained at $1 12½, and 55 bbls fine rosins at $2 00 for No 1, $2 25 for Extra No 1, $3 25 for Low Pale, and $4 12½ for Window Glass.

TAR.—The market opened steady the receipts of the day being disposed of at 75 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON—The market for this article opened quiet and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	11¼	"	"
Middling,	12	"	"
Good Middling,	—	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	— bales
Spirits Turpentine,	236 casks
Rosin,	544 bbls
Tar,	1 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	218 bbls

July 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was firm at 25½ cents per gallon, for country packages, with sales reported of 125 casks at that figure, and 275 do on private terms, supposed to be 25¾ cents.

ROSIN—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 12½ for Good Stained. Sales reported of 500 bbls Good Strained at $1 12½.

TAR—Market for this article was steady, the receipts of the day being placed at 75 cents per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady and unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened quiet and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cents	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	11¼	"	"
Middling,	12	"	"
Good Middling.	—	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	3 bales
Spirits Turpentine	691 casks
Rosin,	2257 bbls
Tar,	2 bbls
Crude Turpentine	627 bbls

July 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened quiet at 25¾ cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 50 casks at that figure.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained, $1 12½ for Good Strained. No sales.

TAR—Market was steady at 75 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Sales reported of 251 bbls at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin, market steady:

COTTON—The market opened dull and nominal. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	₱ lb.
Good Ordinary,	11	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary	—	"	"
Low Middling,	11¾	"	"
Middling	12	"	"
Good Middling,	—	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	10 bales.
Spirits turpentine,	125 casks.
Rosin,	755 bbls.
Tar,	— "
Crude turpentine,	4 "

July 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened quiet at 25¾ cents per gallon for country packages, with sales reported 450 casks at 25½ cents, closing steady.

ROSIN.—The market was firm at $1 07½ for Strained and $1 10 for Good Strained. In fine rosins we hear of sales at 60 bbls at $2 25, for Extra No 1, $3 25 for Low Pale, $3 50 for Pale and $3 76 for Extra Pale.

TAR.—Market was steady, the receipts of the day were sold at 75 cents per bbl, of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market for this article was unchanged, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 00 for Hard and $1 60 for Yellow Dip and Virgin, and $2 10 for new Virgin.

COTTON.—The market for this article was quiet and nominal at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	₱ lb
Good Ordinary,	11	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	11¾	"	"
Middling,	12	"	"
Good Middling.	—	"	"

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

The following is the stock of Cotton and Naval Stores in yard and afloat at the Port Wilmington N. C., July 1, 1879.

Cotton in yard, bales	266	
" afloat,	000	—266
Spirits Turpt, in yrd cks.	3,667	
" "	2,236	—5,993
Rosin in yard, bbls.	75,889	
" afloat,	8,760	—94,694
Tar in yard, bbls,	13,476	
" afloat,	000	—13,476
Crude Turpt. in yrd, bbls	1,355	
" afloat,	000	—1,355

Receipts for the Month ending June 30th, 1879.

Cotton	140 bales
Spirits Turpentine,	12,442 casks
Rosin,	43,980 bbls
Tar,	548 bbls
Crude Turpentine,	9,870 bbls

Exports for the Month ending June 30th, 1879—Domestic.

Cotton,	253
Spirits Turpentine,	678
Rosin,	4.408
Tar,	1,902
Crude Turpentine,	197

Foreign.

Cotton,	—
Spirits Turpentine,	10,647
Rosin,	66 554
Tar,	600
Crude Turpentine,	—

Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 28, 1879

BARQUES.

Lord Baltimore, Nor, 353 tons, Errickson, Patterson, Downing & Co
Duen, Nor, 299 tons, Andersen, R E Heide
Sigurd Jarl, Nor, 461 tons, Tostensen, R E Heide
Minna, Ger, 480 tons, Boese, E G Barker & Co
Hjemmet, Nor, 401 tons, Ingermundsen R E Heide
Theodor, Swed, 344 tons, Larsen, E G Barker & Co
Concordia, Nor. 278 tons, Olsen, R E Heide
Erwin, Ger, 364 tons, Laughenrichs, E G Barker & Co
Thor, Nor, 333 tons, Emmundsend, R E Heide
Jury, Nor, 370 tons, Adsem, R E Heide

BARQUENTINES.

Florence Margaret, Br, 292 tons, Blackly, C P Mebane
Lucie, Ger, 241 tons, Koopman, E Peschau & Westermann

BRIGS.

Norneb, Nor, 238 tons, Christensen, R E Heide
S V Nichols, Br, 167 tons Pool, Master
Gloria, Nor, 261 tons, Ommundsen, R E Heide
Helios, Swed, 325 tons, Landergren, R E Heide
Typhon, Nor, 208 tons, Thorsen, R E Heide
Dos Cunados, Sp, wtg.
Carin, Swed, 283 tons, Schmidt, E G Barker & Co
Professor Daa, Nor, 275 tons, Sorensen R E Heide

SCHOONERS.

S S Bickmore, 224 tons, Long, E G Barker & Co
Humber, 159 tons, Spencer, E G Barker & Co

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1879 Excursion Season. 1879

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD,
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 8th, 1879.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS TO THE VARIOUS Virginia Springs, Western North Carolina Summer Resorts, Morehead City, N. C. and Old Point Comfort, Va., good until November 1st, 1879, are now obtainable at Union Ticket Office, Wilmington, Goldsboro, Wilson and Tarboro, and will remain on sale until October 1st, 1879.

Close connection for points on A. M. & O. R. R. by 9.20 P. M. train from Wilmington

Close connections for points on C. & O. R R. by both trains from Wilmington.

Close connections for points on Western North Carolina R. R., by train leaving

Wilmington	6.38 A. M.
Weldon	2.13 A. M.
Wilson	4.21 A. M.
Tarboro	8.30 P. M.

Leaving Goldsboro at 10.10 A. M. daily arriving at Salisbury 10.36 P. M., there connecting with Sleeping Cars on W. N. C. R. R., and reaching Swannanoa at 6.30 A. M., and Asheville 10.30 A. M., being beyond question the line of quicker transit and superior comfort to all others running to Western North Carolina.

For tickets, time cards, engagement of sleeping car accommodations, inquire of Agents at Stations named or to the undersigned. A. POPE,
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T. F. HALL, Treasurer
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I. G. BARNETT, P N G
JNO. PAILLIPS, I G
P. H. HARLEY, Warden
J. K. CUTLAR, Chaplain

Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Dock and Water sts. may 18—tf

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Regular meeting 1st and 3d Monday night in each month. Lodge Room upper floor, corner Market and South Water streets. may 18—tf

TO THE SUMMER RESORTS

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By the new and attractive Spartanburg Route.

WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA & AUGUSTA RAILROAD.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,

June 10th, 1879.

COMMENCING JUNE 11TH, 1879, The Following PERFECT AND CONTINUOUS Schedule will be operated on the SPARTANBURG ROUTE, by which ROUND TRIP TICKETS to all prominent Western North Carolina Excursion Points will be on sale, good until NOVEMBER 1st, 1879.

Leave Wilmington (by sleeping Car to Columbia)	10:15 P M
Leave Columbia	10:30 A M
Arrive Spartanburg	3:10 P M
Arrive Hendersonville	6:10 P M
Arrive Asheville	10:20 P M

24 HOURS WILMINGTON TO ASHEVILLE!

To connect with this very attractive Schedule Passengers can leave—

Weldon	3:32 P M
Wilson	5:40 P M
Tarboro	10:00 A M
Newbern	5:11 A M
Goldsboro	6:36 P M
Magnolia	8:00 P M

For Tickets, Time Cards, Engagement of Sleeping Car Accommodations, &c., &c., enquire of Agents at the Stations named, or of the undersigned.

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Per day	$ 1 25
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Per month	20 00
For two or more months	18 00

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